When not paid strictly in Advance, \$3,00 will positively be charged.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

R. P. H. STAUB, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, OFFICES 45 St. Paul Street, Baltimore, Md. PRACTICES in the Courts of Baltimore, Md.

PRACTICES in the Courts of Baltimore, Baltimore County, Court of Appeals of Maryland and Supreme Court of United States. Special attention given to Collecting in and out of the State.

REFERENCES: National Union Bank of Baltimore.
Wm. Devrice & Co.
National Bank, Martineburg, West Va.
Berkeley Savings Bank, Martineburg, West Va.
Carroll, Adams & Neer, Baltimore.
Oct. 31, 1871-tf.

GRORGE BAYLOR.] [WM. L. WILSON BAYLOR & WILSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Charlestown, Jefferson County, West Va.
Will practice in the Courts of West Virginia and Virginia.
January 16, 1872.

WM. II. TRAVERS. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia, WILL practice in the District Courts of the United States for the District of West V.rginia.— Particular attention paid to cases in Bankruptcy. July 30, 1870.

THOS. C. GREEN.] [DAN'L, B. LUCAS. GREEN & LUCAS. Attorneys at Law.

HAVING associated ourselves as partners, we will practice in Jefferson and adjoining Coun-35-Offices at Charlestown, Shepherdstown and September 22, 1870. HENRY L. BROOKE.] [St. GEO. T. BROOKE.

H. L. BROOKE & SON. ATTTORNEYS AT LAW, WILL Practice in the Courts of Jefferson, Berkeley, and the neighboring Counties.

April 16, 1872-1y. COOKE & KENNEDY.

Attorneys at Law. Charlestown, Jefferson County, W. Va., WILL practice in Jefferson and adjoining Counties.

**To Office first door West of "Carter House."

April 12, 1570—tf. CLEON MOORE.

Attorney at Law, Charlestown, Jefferson Co., W. Va., WILL Practice in Jefferson and adjoining Coun ties.

33-Office in Hooff's Building, opposite the Carter House.

June 28, 1870 - 1y.

JOHN REED, JR., Attorney at Law, Charlestown, Jefferson County, W. Va., ILL practice in the Courts of this and adjoining Counties.

63- Office two doors west of Lee Hall, and nearly

March 22, 1871-1y. E. WILLIS WILSON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Harper's Ferry, Jefferson Co., WEST VIRGINIA. Will practice in the Courts of this and the adjoining Counties.

Aug. 17, 1870.

DR. C. T. RICHARDSON, Physician & Surgeon,

CHARLESTOWN, VIRGINIA. HAVE taken an Office on Main street, (first door East of Mason's Drug Store), where I can be found during the day. At night messages should be sent to my residence, corner of Liberty and Mildred streets.

C. T. RICHARDSON, M. D.

June 27, 1871—tf.

DR. A. F. SMITH. DENTIST,

TENDERS his services to the citizens of Charlestown and vicinity. Office at residence. Full upper sets of Teeth, from \$12 to \$20 ; partial do., \$5 to \$10. Fillings, from \$1 upwards. Extracting only 50 cents. All work warranted, and satisfaction guaranteed. May 14, 1872-1y.

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. McCORMICK will visit Charlestown. Professionally, on the Second Monday of February, 12th, April 8th, June 10th, August 12th, October 14th, and remain a week each visit January 30, 1872.

MONEY CANNOT BUY IT! For Sight is Priceless!! But the Diamond Spectacle will Preserve It.



IF YOU VALUE YOUR EYESIGHT

USE THESE PERFECT LENSES. Ground from Minute Crystal Pebbles, Meited together, and derive their name 'Diamond' on account of their Hardness and Brilliancy. They will last many years without change, and are warranted superior to all others; manufactured by J. E. SPENCER & CO., N. Y.

CAUTION.-None genuine unless stamped with Our trade mark.
S. M. TIMBERLAKE & CO., are Sole Agents for Charlestown, W. Va.

From whom they can only be obtained. No Pedler June 6, 1d71-1y.

N. Our New Ploughs. WE are manufacturing a large lot of them and we guarantee satisfaction in every case or no wells.

WEIRICK & WELLER.

January 4, 1871.

GEO. T. LIGHT, DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST. CHARLESTOWN, JEFFERSON COUNTY,

Two Doors West of Sappington Hotel. DAINTS, GLASS, &c. I have on hand a large and fresh stock of Lewis Lead. Resurgam and Pure White Lead. Brandon of all colors. Vermillon Red and all other Paints. And as these are for the accommodation of the County, I offer the same cheaper than they were ever sold in this town. As I intend to make PAINTS a specialty, it will be well for every person in need to give me a call. You will get Bargains.

gains.

FOBACCO-Pride of Virginia, 75c; Jockey Club, Commonwealth, 60; 75; Durham Gum, 80; Commonwealth, 60; also, Pure Seed Cigare, 5c, Seed and Havanna's, 7c, and Havanna's pure, 8c—the choice stever offered in town, and for sale by, GEO. T. LIGHT.

WANTED. COLT'S Army, Navy and Dragoon Pistols, Spen-cer and Henry Rifles and Carbines, for which Cash will be paid JAS. LAW. HOOFF. December 13, 1870.

THE Reliance Non-Explosive Attachment fo A Kerosene Lamp. Every family burning light in their chambers all wight should use the attach-

ment, thersby insuring themselves and little ones from all danger by Coal Oil Explosions. For sale by C. E. BELLER, Harper's Ferry, Nov. 14, 1871. MICHIGAN Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco; also Graveley's plug with Cigars of all grades; Durham, Pride of Virginia and May Queen Smoking Tobaccos to be found at C. E. BELLER'S. CLOCKS—beautiful Bronze, Rosewood and Walnut Fronts, beautiful designs and patterns—for sale low by

BALTIMORE CARDS.

TRIUMPHANT

17 GOLD AND SILVER MEDALS

OFFICE AND NEW WAREROOMS.

No. 9 N. Liberty St.; Baltimore, Md.

The Stieff Pianos contain all the latest improve-ments to be found in a first-class Piano, with addi-tional improvements of his own invention, not to be found in other instruments. The tone, touch and finish of their instruments cannot be excelled by any

manufactured.

A large assortment of Second Hand Pianosalways on hand, from \$75 to \$300.

Parlor and Church Organs, some 20 different styles on hand from \$50 and upwards.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue, containing names of over 1,000 Southerners, (500 of which are Virginians,) who have bought the Stieff Piano since the close of the war.

August 29, 1871

RANSON & CO.

FLOUR, GRAIN,

General Commission Mcrchants.

6 PATTERSON STREET,

PERSONAL.

NOAH WALKER & CO.,

The Celebrated Clothiers of Baltimore

Announce the introduction of a plan of ordering

CLOTHING AND UNDERWEAR BY

LETTER.

To which they call special attention. They will send on application their improved and accurate RULES FOR SELF MEASUREMENT,

including all the latest novelties in design, and

AT POPULAR PRICES

When Goods are sent per Express C. O. D., there will be no collection charge on amounts of \$20 and over. Rules for self measurement, Samples of Goods and Price List free on application. The attention of the Trade is invited to our Wholesale Department, which is always kept up to the highest standard.

NOAH WALKER & CO.,

Manufacturers and Dealers in Men's and Boy's

ready-made or made to order

165 and 167 Baltimore Street,

Baltimore.

A. R. H. RANBON

The Very Latest Style

_ 1870.

VOL. 25.

CHARLESTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA, TUESDAY, MAY 21, 1872:

Voorhees on Greeley. Spirit of Jefferson.

Charlestown, W. Va., May 21, '72.

THE CINCINNATI CANDIDATES. Horace Greeley. Horace Greeley was born at Amherst, New Hampshire, February 3d, 1811; was the son of a poor farmer, who removed to Vermont in 1821. He attended a common school; evinced great fondness for reading, and learned the art of printing at Poaltney, Vt., in 1826
-'30. After he had worked a few months as a printer in Erie, Pa., he went to New York city in 1831, where he worked at his trade. In 1833, in company with Francis Story, he commenced the Morning Post, the first penny daily ever established, and which was soon discontinued. - In March, 1834, he founded the New Yorker, a literary weekly, neutral in politics, of which he was editor. This, his earliest literary venture, lived seven years, but was far from being a pecuniary success. It was succeeded by the Jeffersonian, which in 1840 was changed to the Log Cabin, and became the Whig organ in New York of the great Harrison and Tyler campaign. The ability with which he conducted this paper gave him the germ of his reputation as a political writer, which has constantly grown and increased until now he stands at the head of the political press of the country, its acknowledged chief. The New York Tribune was Mr. Greeley's next undertaking, and its success has been the crowning glory of respectable journalism in the United States .-Mr. Greeley in the Tribune advocated Clay's election in 1844; and of course opposed the admission of Texas, on the ground that it would extend the area of slavery. After the defeat of Clay, he assumed a more decidedly hostile attitude to slavery, and was soon ranked

and a full line of samples from their immense stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Coatings, Shirtings, &c., thus enabling parties in any part of the country to order their Clothing and Shirts direct from them, with the certainty of receiving garments of In 1856 he became almost the father of the Rupublican party by being one of the earliest And Most Perfect Fit advocates of the election of John C. Fremont. attainable. Goods ordered will be sent by Express to any part of the country. As is well known throughout the Southern States they have for Forty-three Years excelled in all departments of their businesse, which is a substantial guarantee as to the character of the Goods they will send out. A large and well assorted stock of READY-MADE CLOTHING always on hand, together with a full line of FURNISHING GOODS

> He has gained special distinction by his efforts towards the emancipation of labor, endeavoring to free it from ignorance, vice, servitude, and poverty: He is a zealous champion of protection, and is always first in the front rank of social, industrial, and political reformers. Among the best known works he has published under his own name are his "History of the Great Conflict." a very fair narrative of the late war; "Reminiscences of a Busy Life," being his own strange, eventful story; a very valuable work upon agriculture, and another upon political economy. His industry and energy are un-

1872. Spring and Summer. 1872. Boots, Shoes & Gaiters: J. H. BORLAND.

BALTIMORE, MD.

AS just received one of the Largest, Best Se-lected and Cheapest Stocks, bought direct from the Manufactories for Cash, before the recent advance in Leather, and will be sold at the LOW-EST NEW YORK AND BOSTON PRICES. Philadelphia City Made Goods at Manufacturers' Prices, thus saving freight and expense.

Nos. 53 and 55 Wood Street.

NEW GOODS RECEIVED DAILY. Special inducements offered to Cash or Short Time Buyers. Eastern Bills Duplicated. All Or-ders from Country Merchants promptly attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed. Call and examine my Stock and Prices, at

J. H. BORLAND'S, 53 and 55 Wood Street. April 9, 1872-2m.

SPRING NEW GOODS.

Erespectfully invite the public to call and examine our late purchases of merchandise, consisting of Embroidered Grenadines, Black Grenadines Plain and Striped Buff Suiting. White Peka, Swiss Muslins Japanese Silk, Dolly Varden Calicos, Lawns and Calicos, Plain Black, Blue, Rose and Buff De Laines, Black Alpacas, Black Lace Shawis, Lace and Cambric Edgings and Insertings, a great variety of Rufflings, Plain, Bias, Scalioped and Plaited Flouncings, Scarls, Bows, Ribbons, Berages, Tissues, Kid Gloves, Bleached and Brown Cottons, Linens, Cottonades, hosiery and Parasols.

Gents' Goods. Black, Blue. Grey, and Dahlia Cloths, Black and Faucy Cassimeres, White and Fancy Marseilles Veating, White Linen Duck, Neck Ties, Gloves, Suspenders, Socks. &c.

QUEENSWARE and a large stock of GROCE-RIES of all kinds, all of which we offer at very low prices for CASH or Country Produce.

KEARSLEY & SHEERER.

April 30, 1872.

ENTLER HOTEL. SHEPHERDSTOWN, WEST VIRG'IA J. P. A. ENTLER Proprietor.

REMOVED. REMOVED.

WE have removed our Hardware from Main at to our Ware House in the rear of Court House. Have now our Hardware, Agricultural Implements and Machinery, Tinning Establishment, Seeds, Guano, &c., &c., and indeed everything a farmer wants, atl in the same building.

TIN Roofling, Spouting; and Special attention paid to Repairing Tinware.

McCURDY & DUKE.

DROLIFIC or BREESES No. 2 POTATO -The PROLIFIC or BREESES NO. 2 POTATO—The best and most productive variety of Potato for main crop, producing last season sixty bushels from one planted. They boil dry and mealy-be sure and get the genuine ones—to be had at C. E. BELLER'S.

DLANTS.—Cabbage, Tomato, and Sweet Potato Harper's Ferry, May 7. C. E. BELLER. JEFFERSON COUNTY BIBLE SOCIETY

DEPOSITORY.

HAVE on hand a variety of Bibles and Testaments at Publishers' cost prices, and will-order any size Family Bible any one may desire.

W. S. MASON,

Treasurer Jeff. Co. Bible Society.

April 9, 1872—tf.

PAINTS, OLLS; VARNISHES AND WINDOW GLASS.—We will keep constantly on hand a full stock of the above, which we propose to sell at the very lowest cash prices, and will warrant all of the first quality. Those desiring to paint up will consult their interests by giving us a call.

W. S. MASON.

DEFRIGERATORS, for sale by

REPRIGERATORS, for sale by JAS. LAW. HOOFF.

In 1860 he led off for Abraham Lincoln, and was instrumental in his nomination at Chicago and the defeat of Wm. H. Seward. His biographer, in the Dictionary of Great Men, closes his sketch of Mr. Greeley's career as follows: "He favored universal amnesty and universal suffrage at the end of the civil war, and offered himself as bail for Mr. Jefferson Davis in May, 1867."

by the South with the abolitionists, although

he never admitted anything more than the

free-soil principles of that growing faction.—
As a member of Congress in 1848-'49, he

opposed the abuses of the mileage system .-

Still a consistent Whig, though of the stern-

est freesoil proclivities, he supported General

Winfield Scott in 1852. This was the last

effort the old Whig party made as a party.-

tiring and his honesty altogether incorruptible and above suspicion.

B. Gratz Brown. The lineage of Hon. B. Gratz Brown is a distinguished one. His grandfather, Hon. John Brown, who was a native of Rockbridge county, Va., was a representative in Congress from 1779 to 1783 from that State, and subsequently removing to Kentucky, was there elected to the United States Senate. He was a warm supporter and personal friend of Jefferson. His son, Judge Mason Brown, the father of Gov. Brown, was an eminent jurist. On the maternal side, he is a descendant of Hon. Jesse Bledsoe, also a distinguished jurist, and a representative of Kentucky in the United States Senate. Gratz Brown was born in Lexington, Ky., May 28, 1826, and after graduating at Transylvania University, and subsequently at Yale, entered the legal profession and settled in St. Louis. He was elected to the Missouri Legislature in 1852, serving six years, and aided in establishing and edited the St Louis Democrat from 1854 to 1859. In 1857 he took a determined position in favor of the abolition of slavery, and becoming the free-soil candidate for governor came within 500 votes of being elected. In the beginning of the late war he commanded a regiment of militia, and co-operated with the federal troops in the capture of Camp Jackson, which fixed the attitude of the State in the Union. He subsequently commanded a regiment of volunteers, but in 1863 yielded to popular sentiment and entered the United States Senate. There he supported zealously the war measures of the administration, and when the great conflict was ended favored generous treatment to the vanquished. Retiring from the Senate, after serving the four years term, he was in 1870 elected Governor of Missouri by a coalition of republicans and democrats. The great issue of the election was the removal of the proscriptive measures which the angry passions incident to the war had placed in force. His administration has been marked by his exertions in repairing the social disturbances of the war in securing the just rights of all citizens, and in the development of the material resources of the State. In person he is of less than the middle height. slightly built, and of nervous organization .-He is characterized for vigor and directness of thought, decision of action, thorough gameness and great capacity for long-continued

THE ELECTORAL VOTE .- Just now the politicians are figuring upon the electoral vote, both as bearing on the presidential election and on the action of the forthcoming democratic convention. The following is the new apportionment on which such speculations are

Alabama 9, Arkansas 6. California 6, Connecticut 6, Delaware 3, Florida 3, Georgia 11, Illinois 21, Indiana 14, Iowa 11, Kansas 5, Kentucky 12, Louisiana 7, Maine 7, Maryland 8, Massachusetts 13, Michigan 12, Minnesota 5, Mississippi 8, Missouri 15, Nebraska 3, Nevada 3, New Hampshire 4, New Jersey 9, New York 34, North Carolina 10, Ohio 23, Oregon 3, Pennsylvania 28, Rhode Island 4, South Carolina 7, Tennessee 11, Texas 8. Vermont 4, Virginia 11. West Virginia 5. Wisconsin 10-total 357. Necessary to a

From the Congressional proceedings of the 13th, we clip the following:

Mr. Voorhees of Indiana, rose to a personal explanation, and sent to the clerk's desk to be read a paragarph from a newspaper to the effect that he was halting and hesitating as to the position he should take as to the support of the nominee of the Cincinnati convention, and that as his democratic colleagues were all said to be in favor of Mr. Greely, he was likely to lose the favor of the district where his voice had so long been potential .-He declared that he did not halt or hesitate. As to the nominee of the Cincinnati convention, whoever believed in the high protective tariff principles of its chief man might support him, but he (Mr. Voorhees) would not If Mr. Greeley's nomination promised relief to the blasted and downtrodden South there was not much which he (Mr. V.) would not forego to subserve so holy and so benign a purpose; but Mr. Greeley had been the earnest advocate of the legislation which had paralyzed and prostrated the South; and was that the reason why he should get his support? Mr. Greeley had upheld the right of secession, and has not retracted the sentiment. Was a man fit to be elevated to the presidency who stood committed to the doctrine that whoever desired to dissolve their connection with the government had the inalienable right to do so? He entered his solemn protest against the attempt to transfer the democrats of the country -as loyal a body of voters as ever lived-to a camp where there was nothing belonging to

Mr. Roosevelt, of New York, asked Mr. Voorhees whether he would support the candidate of the Democratic National Covention at Baltimore, whoever that candidate might

Mr. Voorhees replied that he was not in the habit of bolting democratic nominations. He believed that the gentleman himself would have some dificulty in answering his own question. [Laughter.] Mr. Voorhees spoke of Mr. Greeley's going bail for Jefferson Davis. When Andrew Johnson and Edwin M. Stanton, Secretary of War, desired and proposed (as he knew to be the fact) to arrest Robert E. Lee, Joseph E. Johnson and other prominent Confederate officers, there was but one man who could prevent that thing being done, and that was the present incumbent of the presidential office. General Grant had stepped forward and told them that those men had given him their parole as soldiers, and that parole should be respected. [Applause

from the republican side of the House.]

Mr. Sherwood, of Pennsylvania, said the speech was made in the interest of the repub-

lican party.

Mr. Voorhees, resuming, said that if he should be driven to take the stump and press the claims of Mr. Greeley, he would find a candidate opposing him who had done more and kinder things for the South than his nominee had done.

Greeley as a Prophet.

As almost everything in the life of the Liberal Republican candidate for the Presidency is now being brought before the American public, we deem it not inappropriate to re-publish the following prophetic letter, written to the editor of the Wheeling Intelligencer, nearly four years ago :-

NEW YORK TRIBUNE. NEW YORK, Nov. 18, 1868. My Dear Sir-I have yours of the 16th. Its leading positions have long since been understood and apprehended in this quarter .-

Now hear me. Every year one thousand of your rebels die. and one thousand (or more) of their sons become of age. You can't disfranchise THEM. You have now five thousand majority. Six years at farthest will convert this into a rebel majority of one thousand. Then the rebels will be enfranchised in spite of you, and the blacks will be left under foot-and you underestimate these at two thousand.

Go your own way, and see if the rebels don't have you under foot in less than six

I speak from a wide experience when I tell you that your house is built upon the sand. It cannot stand. Every year will see the passions of the war cool, and the demand for amnesty strengthened. Now you can amnesty the rebels. Soon the question will be, shall they amnesty you? Look at Kentucky and Maryland, and read your certain fate in theirs. Yours, HORACE GREELEY.

Another Railroad Project.

While narrow gauge railroads are being projected in all directions, a Mr. Burrus of wisconsin comes before the public with a scheme for a railroad from the Atlantic to the West, to be built with a gauge of thirty feet. The road is to run from the East by the most direct line to Lake Eric. When it reaches the lake the road is to be built out into the water about twenty-five feet below the surface for some distance, and there end. It is to be operated with a machine which is even more wonderful than the road, and which will had been spoken to by some of the gentlepavigate the water as well as traverse the land. When this amphibious locomotive arrives at the jumping-off place at Lake Erie, it is to slide gracefully into the water, and by a slight transposition of its machinery become a steamboat. When it has arrived at Mouroe it resumes its character of locomotive, and rolls off on another broad-gauge road to Lake Michigan, whence it is to take water for Chicago. The machine is to be sufficiently large to carry a vessel of five hundred tons, so that all necessity for ship canals will be done away with. The inventor expects to attain a speed of one hundred and twenty-five miles per hour on land, and twenty-five miles in water. Probably no one will doubt that a great reduction in the price of freights may be expected when Mr. Burrus gets his broadgauge road and amphibious locomotive in successful operation .- New York Sun

- The world is governed by three things. wisdom, authority and appearance. Wisdom is for thoughtful people, authority for rough people, and appearances for the great mass of superficial people who can look only at the outside, and who judge only by external matters .- Goethe.

- An old bachelor compares life to a shirt button, because it so often hangs by a single thread.

POETICAL.

Seffetsun.

MEMORIAL DAY. Past, the clash and clang of battle— Past, the terrors, trials, fears— Past, the deadly roar and rattle, Yet we meet in tears.

Not a shout of exultation Breaks the sobbing silence deep; On the death-day of a nation, is it strange we weep? But the homage sad we tender, Softens with a proud relief, And a solemn joy and tender Ming les with our grief.

Oh, the heroes wrested from us
Have not lived and died in vain:
For their memories' bow of promise?
Spans our years of pain.

Countless eyes have conned their story—
Countless hearts grow grave thereby;
Let us thank the God of Glory
We had such to die!

Where had been the Church's honor, When the overwhelming flood Of her foes rushed fierce upon her, But for the martyr's blood? Where the lofty acclamations,
O'er the wrench of thraldom's chain?
Where the grandeur of the nations,
But for patriots slain?

Shall we then in sad procession— Heads lew bowed upon the breast-Only bring our tears to freshen Graves whose heroes rest? Rather lay the rose and laurel,
Glad with dew above the sod—
Learn their lives' majestic moral,
Wait, and trust in God!

MISCELLANEOUS.

AN ANGEL IN A BAR ROOM.

A TRUE INCIDENT.

One afternoon in the month of June, 1870 lady in deep mourning, followed by a child, entered one of the fashionable saloons in the passing at the time, and, impelled by curiosity, followed her in to see what would ensue. Stepping up to the bar, and addressing the proprietor, who happened to be present, she

"Sir, can you assist me? I have no home, no friends, and am not able to work." He glanced at her, and then at the child, with a mingled look of curiosity and pity .-Evidently he was much surprised to see a womaniin such a place begging, but, without asking any questions, gave her some change, and turning to those present, he said-"Gentlemen, here is a lady in distress .-

Can't some of you help her a little?" They all cheerfully acceded to the request and soon a purse of two dollars was raised and put in her hand.

"Madam," said the gentleman who gave her the money, "why do you come to a saloon? It isn't a very proper place; for a lady, and why are you driven to such a step?

"Sir, I know it isn't a proper place for me to be in, and you ask me why I am driven to such a step, I will tell you in one short word." pointing to a bottle behind the counter labeled whiskey,"-"that is what brought me here

-WHISKEY!" "I was once happy and surrounded by all the luxuries that wealth could procure, with a fond and indulgent husband. But in an evil hour he was tempted, and not possessing the will to resist the temptation he fell, and in one short year my dream of happiness was over, my home forever was desolated, and the kind husband and the wealth some called mine, lost, lost, never to return, and all by

the accursed wine eup. "You see before you only a wreck of my former self, homeless and friendless, and with nothing left me in this world but this little child," and weeping bitterly, she affectionately caressed the golden curls that shaded a face of exquisite loveliness. Regaining her composure, and turning to the proprietor of

the saloon, she continued-"Sir, the reason I occasionally enter a place like this is to implore those who deal in the deadly poison to desist, to stop a business that spreads desolation, ruin poverty and starvation. Think one moment of your own loved ones, and then imagine them in the situation I am in. I appeal to your better, nature, I appeal to your heart, for I know you possess agkind one, to retire from a business so ruinous to your patrons.

"Did you know that the money you receive across this bar is the same as taking bread from out of the mouths of the famished wives and children of your customers? That it strips the clothes from their backs, deprives them of all the comforts of life, and throws unhappiness, misery, crime, and desolation set against the wall-the evening meal was into their once happy homes? Oh, sir, I implore, beseech and pray you to retire from a business you blush to own you are engaged in before your fellow-men, and enter one that will not only be profitable to yourself, but to your fellow-creatures also. You will excuse me if I have spoken too plainly, but I could not help it when I thought of the misery and unhappiness it has caused me."

"Madam, I am not offended," he answered, in a voice husky with emotion, "but thank you from my heart for what you have said." "Mamma," said the child-who meantime men present-taking hold of her mother's "these gentlemen wish me to sing 'Little Bessie' for them. Shall I do so ?"

"Yes, darling, if they wish you to." They all joined in the request, and placing her in a chair, she sang in a sweet childish voice the following beautiful song:

"Out in the gloomy night sadly I roam,
I have no mother dear, no pleasant home;
No one cares for me. no one would cry,
Even if poor little Bessie should die.
Weary and tired, I've been wandering all day,
Asking for work, but I am too small, they say;
On the damp ground I must now lay my head,
Father's a drunkard, and mother is dead. We were so happy till father drank rum,

Then all our sorrow and trouble begun, Mother grew pale, and wept every day— Mother grew paie, and wept every day— Baby and I were too hungry to play; Slowly they faded till one summer night Found their dead faces all silent and white; Then with big tears slowly dropping I eaid, Father's a drunkard, and mother is dead. Oh, if the temperance men only could find

Poor wretched father, and talk very kind; If they would stop him from drinking, then, I should be very happy again! I should be very happy again!
Is it too late, temperance men? Please try,
Or. poor little Bessie must soon starve and die;
All the day long I've been longing for bread;
Father's a drunkard, and mother is dead!" The games of billiards were left unfinished,

the cards were thrown aside, and the unemptied glass remained on the counter; all had pressed near, some with curiosity, some with sadness, and some with pity beaming in - A coroner's jury recently declared a their eyes, entranced with the musical voice man to have been "severely frozen to death," and beauty of the child, who seemed better

ADVERTISING RATES.

TRANSIENT BILLS-CASH.

Oblitary Notices exceeding five lines, ten cents per line.

[17-All transient advertisements due and collectable after the first insertion.

Liberal deductions made for Quarter, Half and Whole Columns for Annual, Semi-Annual and Quarterly Advertisers.

NO. 21.

fitted to be with angels above than in such

The scene I shall never forget to my dying

day, and the sweet cadence of her musical

voice still rings in my ear, and every word of

the song as it dropped from her lips, sank

around her little shoulders, her face of al-

ly and comfortably upon the men around, her

At the close of the song many were weep-

now wept like children. One young man,

loving mother, and the entreaties of friends

to strive to lead a better life, to desist from a

course that was wasting his fortune and ruin-

ing his health, now approached the child, and,

taking both her little hands in his, while tears

streamed down his pale cheeks, exclaimed

"God bless you, my little angel! You have saved me from ruin and disgrace, from

poverty and a drunkard's grave. If there

was ever angels on earth, you are one; God bless you, God bless you!" and putting a bill

"Pleast accept this trifle as a token of my

regard and esteem, for your little girl has done

me a kindness I can never repay. And re-

member, whenever your are in want, you will

ever find in me a true friend," at the same

Taking her child by the hand, she turned

"God bless you, gentlemen. Accept the

Before any one could reply, she was gone.

want more, you will have to go elsewhere."

"And I have drank my last glass of whisky;" said a young man who had long been given

up as utterly beyond the reach of those who

had a deep interest in his welfare-as sunk

too low ever to reform. "There is a tem-

perance organization in this city called the

Temple of Honor,' and at their next meet-

ing I shall send up my name to be admitted.

"I-I-I, and I," several exclained, in a

True to his word, the owner of the saloon

chorus, and fifteen names were added to his.

where this strange scene was enacted disposed

engaged in an honorable business. Would to

have gone into every hamlet, town and city.

Life's Brightest Hour.

Not long since I met a gentleman who

stooped beneath his burden of wealth. We

were speaking of that period of life when we

rather, when we had found the happiness

nearest to be unalloyed. "I tell you," said

of my life. At the age of one-and-twenty I

had saved up \$800. I was earning \$500 a

year, and my father did not take it from me.

able to pay two-thirds of the value down, and

on Sunday-a Sunday in June-at my fath-

in purse, but rich in the wealth of her wo-

manhood. The Sabbath and the Sabbath

night we passed beneath my father's roof,

and on Monday morning I went to my work.

leaving mother and sister to help in preparing

my home. On Monday evening, when the

labors of the day were done, I went not to

the paternal shelter, as in the past, but to my

own house-my own home. The holy at-

mosphere of that hour seems to surround me

now in memory. I opened the door of my

cottage and entered. I laid my hat upon the

little stand in the hall, and passed on to the

kitchen-our kitchen and dining room were

all one then. I pushed open the kitchen

door and was-in heaven! The table was

ready-prepared by the hands of her who

had come to be my helpmeet in deed as well

as in name - and by the table, with a throb-

bing, expectant took upon her lovely loving

angel to my bosom, thus showing the ecstatic

burden of my heart. The years have passed

flowed in upon me, and I am honored and

envied; but-as true as heaven-I would

give it all-every dollar-for the joy of the

hour of that June evening in the long, long

How Coal was DISCOVERED IN PENN-

SYLVANIA .- It chanced one day that in con-

structing a lime-kiln, Col. Geo. Shoemaker,

who lived on the Schuylkill river, used some

of the black stones that were lying about the

place. "Mine Got! mine Got! der stones

be all on fire!" exclaimed the astonished

Dutchman, when the rich glow of the an-

thracite met his gaze. The neighbors, who

of course were few and far between, were,

after much ado, assembled to witness the

marvel. This happened in 1812. Shortly

after, mine host loaded a Pennsylvania team

with the black stones and journeyed slowly

to Philadelphia, a dissance of ninety-three

miles. There unforeseen difficulties were

presented. The grates and stoves then in

use were not constructed to facilitate the

combustion of anthracite, and burn it would

not. After many ineffectual efforts to ignite

the product, it was thrown aside as worth-

less, and our discomfitted German, who had

beguiled his toilsome way to the metropolis

with dreams of ingots, returned to digest his

- "Pay me that six and eight-pence you

owe me," said an Irish attorney to one of his

disappointment in his mountain solitude.

clients.

ago !"-N. Y. Ledger.

-long, long years-and worldly wealth has

Who will go with me?"

time giving her his name and address.

to go, but pausing at the door, said-

in the bands of the mother, said-

or painter.

with deep emotion-

exclaimed-

results.

Girls, Don't Talk Slang.

Girls, don't talk slang. If it is necessary that any one in the family should do that, let it be your big brother; though I would advise him not to adopt "pigeon English," deep into the hearts of those gathered around when there is an elegant systemized language that he can just as well use. But don't you her. With her golden hair falling carelessly do so. You can have no idea how it sounds to ears unused or averse to it, to hear a young most ethereal beauty, and, looking so trustinglady, when asked if she will go with you to some place, answer "not much !" or, if rebeautiful eyes illuminated with a light that quested to do something she does not wish. seemed not of earth, formed a picture of puto hear her say, "can't see it." rity and innocence worthy the genius of a

Not long ago I heard a young miss, who is educated and accomplished, in speaking of a young man, say that she intended to "go for ing; men who had not shed a tear for years him;" and when her sister asked her assistance at some work, she answered "not for who had resisted with scorn the pleading of a Now, young ladies of unexceptionable char-

acter and really good education fall into this habit, thinking it shows smartness to answer back in slang phrases, and they soon slip flippantly from their tongues with a saucy pertness that is neither ladylike nor becoming .-"I bet" or "you bet" is well enough among men who are trading horses or land ; but the contrast is startling and positively shocking to hear those words issue from the lips of a young lady. They seem at once to surround her with the rougher associations of men's daily life, and bring her down from the pe-

IMPORTANT TO FISHERMEN .- Section 4. chap. 62, of the Code of West Virginia reads as follows :

destal of purity, whereon she is placed, to their own coarse level.

"It shall not be lawful for any person to catch or destroy any of the fish in the rivers or creeks of this State, by means of drag or heartfelt thanks of a pour, friendless woman, other nets, weirs, or other devices (except for the kindness and courtesy you have shown line and pole, gigs, fish-pots, or spears.) be-tween the first day of April and the first day of October in each year. Nor shall it be law-A silence of several minutes ensued, which ful for any person engaged at any time in was at length broken by the proprietor, who catching or destroying fish, to trespass upon or go into any enclosed field adjoining or near "Gentlemen, that lady is right, and I have to the stream in which such persons may be sold my last glass of whisky; if any of you fishing, without permission from the owner or occupier of such premises."

SEC. 6. "Any person violating the pre-ceding section shall, upon conviction be fixed not less than five nor more than ten dollars for each offence."

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING .- In pasting wall papers, posters, etc., especially where successive layers are put on, there arises a most disagreeable effluvia, which is particularly noticeable in wet weather. The cause of this is the decomposition of the paste. In close rooms it is very unwholesome, and often the cause of disease. In large manufactories, of his entire stock the next day, and is now where large quantities of past are used, it often becomes sour and offensive. Glue, also, heaven that lady with her little one could has a very disagreeable odor. If, when making paste or glue, a small quantity of carbolic acid is added, it will keep sweet and free from offensive smells. A few drops added to muthroughout our country, and met with like cilage or ink prevents mould. In white washing the celler and dairy, if an ounce of carbolic acid is added to each gallon of whitewash, it will prevent mould and remove the assessed for more than half a million. Silver disagrecable taints often preceived in meats was in his hair, care upon his brow, and he

and milk from damp apartments. CURE FOR LOCK-JAW .- A correspondent had realized the most perfect enjoyment, or, of the Scientific American recommends turpentine as a cure for lock-jaw. He says: Let any one who has an attack of lock-jaw the millionaire, "when was the happiest hour take a small quantity of turpentine, warm it. and pour on the wound, no matter where it is, or of what nature it is, and relief will follow in less than one minute. Nothing better can only requiring that I should pay for my board. be applied to a severe cut or bruise than cold At the age of twenty-two I had secured a turpentiue; it will give certain relief almost pretty cottage just outside of the city. I was instantly. Turpentine is also a sovereign remedy for croup. Saturate a piece of flanalso to furnish it respectably. I was married nel with it and spread the flannel on the throat and chest, and in very severe cases three to er's house. My wife had come to me poor five drops on a lump of sugar may be taken inwardly. Every family should have a bottle on hand. The remedy is simple and can be easily tested. In all serious cases an applica-

tion should be made under medical advice: PERTINENT APPLICATION OF SCRIPTURE. -Rev. Mr. H- bad a large family of boys. He tried his best to keep them all well posted in Scriptural matters; but they were such lively boys, and so many of them, that his task was difficult. One day one of them did something very wrong, and as none of them would confess it, he declared he would whip them all, and then he would be sure to punish the culprit.

Lisping Jimmy, the youngest, retired to a corner and grumbled.

"What is that you say?" asked his father. "I thaid," whimpered Jimmy, "that that'th jutht the way ole Herod did. He killed all the children, tho that he would be thure to face, stood my wife. I tried to speak, and kill Jathuth" could not. I could only clasp the waiting

-A rustic gallant called the other night to see the pride of his heart. He had not been there long before she asked him to excuse the light, that she might get a motto which she had for him. While the light was out, the lady's mother came in and sat down by the lovesick swain, and he gently put his arm around her neck and kissed her, supposing it to be the daughter. Presently daughter came in, and the lad saw his mistake. She gave him the motto, on which was printed, 'You are too green for me!' Bennish took the hint, and disappeared.

— A Western newspaper speaks of the house-cleaning season as that when woman has her own way at the house, while the "old man" takes his solemn repast from the top of the flour barrel, and in sleeping enjoys the freedom of the interval between the bed room and the front fence. It is a season of meditation, whitewash, and calm unimpassioned profanity.

- "Do you understand me now?" thusdered a country pedagogue to an brehin, at whose head he threw an ink stand. "I've got an inkling of what you mean."

test his vitality, ran a cambric needle into his leg and brought him to

—"It is forty years, my old triend, since we were boys together" "Is it? Well, don't speak so lond; there's that young widow in the next room."

- "A man played dead with laudanum, etc., in order to test his wife's affections. She, to

"For what?"

"For the opinion you had of me."

"Faith, I never had any opinion of you in a woman having the "pearl drops of affection glistening on her cheeks." He meant to say she cried.